CLOSED SHELF

The People's Korea

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Premier Kim Il Sung Sends Congratulations

To Men, Non-Commissioned Officers and Officers of 661 Army Unit of KPA

CLOSED SHELF

PYONGYANG, Feb. 5 (K-CNA)—On the occasion of the 20th anniversary of the founding of the Korean People's Army, Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of the 40 million Korean people, sent a congratulatory message to the men, non-commissioned officers and officers of the 661 Army Unit of the Korean People's Army who have rendered heroic services in the struggle for defending the independence and freedom of the fatherland and are reliably defending the Party, people and the gains of the socialist revolution and firmly standing guard over the defence line of the fatherland.

Follows the full text of the congratulatory message:

On the occasion of the 20th anniversary of the founding of the heroic Korean People's Army, the direct successor to the anti-Japanese armed struggle and the revolutionary armed forces of the Workers' Party of Korea, I, in the name of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Government of the Republic, extend warm congratulations to the men, non-commissioned officers and officers of the 661 Army Unit of the Korean People's Army who have rendered heroic services in the struggle for defending the independence and freedom of the fatherland and are reliably defending the Party, people and the gains of the socialist revolution and firmly standing guard over the defence line of the fatherland.

The founding of the Korean People's Army was a historic event of epochal significance in the development of our revolution and a great victory won by the Korean people, who are holding their destiny in their own hands, in the construction of a rich and powerful independent state.

Under the leadership of the Party, the Korean People's Army has traversed a proud militant road shining with victory and glory in the past 20 years from its inception.

In the period of peaceful construction the heroic People's Army reliably defended the creative labour of our people who rose up in the construction of the democratic base in the northern half of the Republic and a new fatherland and during the just Patriotic War of Liberation against the U.S. imperialists and their stooges, it defeated the armed forces of the U.S. imperialists who boasted of being the "strongest" in the world and their

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great leader of the 40 million Korean people, the founder and Supreme Commander of the heroic Korean People's Army and genius military strategist, among soldiers of the People's Army

15 satellite countries and defended with credit the freedom and independence of the fatherland and gains of the revolution and demonstrated before the whole world the invincible might of the Korean People's Army by displaying to the full matchless courage and unexampled mass heroism, patriotic devotion and indomitable fighting spirit.

The undying militant exploits made by the courageous officers and men of the Korean People's Army for the Party, revolution and people in the past fierce Patriotic War of Liberation of three years will shine forever in the annals of the fatherland.

In the post-war period, the valiant fighters of the People's Army who has been tempered and had accumulated rich battle experiences in the flames of the war smashed at every step the aggressive machinations of the U.S. imperialists, keeping a vigilant watch on them and thus firmly safeguarded the security of the fatherland and the revolutionary cause of our people.

Today, the People's Army rallied close around the Party, defends with its life the Central Committee of the Party, the general staff of our revolution, and it is faithfully carrying out the revolutionary tasks assigned to it by the Party, not hesitating before fire and water.

Through the struggle for implementing our Party's line of training the whole army into an army of cadres and modernizing the entire army, the People's Army has been more firmly armed, politically and ideologically and militarily and technically, and has grown and strengthened as steel-strong revolutionary armed forces, each man being a match for a hundred foes, capable of smiting any aggressive machination of the enemy at one stroke.

Today, the officers and men of the People's Army are filled with the firm determination to arm themselves still firmer with the unitary ideology of the Party, defend the Central Committee of the Party with their lives, remain boundlessly and single-heartedly loyal to the Party and the revolution like the anti-Japanese guerrillas and fight heroically against the enemy.

The glorious militant exploits made by the People's Army in the past 20 years, are associated with the heroic services rendered by the armymen of the 661 Army Unit of the Korean People's Army.

Comrades, you have reliably guarded and are guarding the defence line of the fatherland, thoroughly smashing the provocative machinations of the enemy at every step, keeping high revolutionary vigilance.

Comrades, you have come to possess high combat capability and military technique sufficient to deal an annihilating blow to the enemy in any hard and complicated battle condition, by strengthening combat and political training, upholding the military line of the Party.

Comrades, you have strengthened revolutionary unity between the superiors and the inferiors and between comrades and established a steel-like military discipline and order in the unit.

Comrades, you are well displaying the traditional traits of unity between the army and the people, loving and respecting the people and fighting devotedly for the people, by inheriting the revolutionary traditions of the anti-Japanese armed struggle in which the anti-Japanese guerrillas won victory over the Japanese imperialists, maintaining bonds of kinship with the people, under the motto "Guerrillas can exist no more without the people than fish without water."

Comrades, you have made a great contribution to sparing and taking good care of state property and military equipment and managing well the economic affairs of the country by displaying to the full the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance.

All these successes made by you, comrades, are results of the correct military line and wise leadership of the Party and manifestation of the boundless loyalty of the officers and men of the People's Army to the Party and the revolution and brilliant fruits of the devoted struggle for defending and carrying through unconditionally the lines and policies of the Party.

Our people infinitely trust and are proud of their powerful army, reliable defender of the Party, fatherland and revolution, and show deep love and respect for the officers and men of the People's Army.

Highly praising the brilliant exploits made by you, comrades, in implementing the military line of the Party, I extend warm thanks to the entire men, non-commissioned officers and officers of the 661 Army Unit of the Korean People's Army who are always boundlessly faithful to the Party and the revolution and are fighting in defence of the fatherland and the people, at the cost of their lives.

Today, the entire people are rallied close around the Central Committee of our Party and the Government of the Republic with one mind and one will and the political and ideological unity of our society has been strengthened as never before.

Thanks to the devoted struggle of our people for implementing the resolutions of the historic Party Conference and the 10-point Political Program of the Government of the Republic, economic construction and the defence upbuilding are going ahead successfully and our revolutionary base is being

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Premier Kim Il Sung Receives RCP Delegation

PYONGYANG, Feb. 3 (KCNA)—Comrade Kim Il Sung received today the delegation of the Rumanian Communist Party visiting Korea.

Present there were Comrade Gheorghe Apostol, member of the Executive Committee and the Permanent Presidium of the Central Committee of the Rumanian Communist Party, who is heading the delegation, and Comrade Vasile Vlad, Candidate Member of the Central Committee of the Rumanian Communist Party and the Director of the External Relations Department of the Central Committee of the RCP, the member of the delegation.

Comrade Kim Il, Member of the Political Committee and its Presidium and Secretary, of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and First vice-Premier of the Cabinet; Comrade Kim Kwang Hyup, Member of the Political Committee and its Presidium and Secretary, of the Central Committee of the WPK; Comrade Pak Sung Chul, Member of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the WPK and vice-Premier of the Cabinet; Comrade Kim Dong Kyoo, Candidate Member of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the WPK; and Chun Chang Chul, Member of the Central Committee of the WPK and Chairman of the Central Committee of the General Federation of Trade Unions of Korea; and Kim Yung Nam, vice-Director of a Department of the Central Committee of the WPK, were present on the occasion.

Also attending was Nicolae Popa, Ambassador of the Rumanian Socialist Republic to Korea.

Comrade Kim Il Sung had a friendly talk with the guests.

Premier Kim Il Sung received on Feb. 3 the visiting delegation of the Rumanian Communist Party.

We Warmly Congratulate Marshal Kim Il Sung, Great Leader,

On 20th Birthday of Korean People's Army

EDITORIAL

February 8 falls on the 20th anniversary of the founding of the Korean People's Army.

Korean residents in Japan greet the 20th birthday of the Korean People's Army in a surging atmosphere in which they have rose up in the struggle to promote the unification of the country, upholding the 10-point Political Programme announced by Marshal Kim Il Sung.

We Korean citizens in Japan with infinite respect and adoration for and burning fidelity to the Leader extend the largest honour and the warmest congratulations to Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great leader of the 40 million Korean people, the founder of the Korean People's Army, its Supreme Commander, and who has brought up the People's Army into a strong army as we see today and always led the Korean people to victory and glory, happiness and prosperity.

Regarding it as a boundless honor and pride to have as our own army the Korean People's Army, the genuine army of the Korean people and the cadre army each man of which is capable of tackling one hundred enemies, we pay boundless respects and send warm love to the officers and men of the Korean People's Army which are loyal to the Leader and defend the freedom and honor of the fatherland in response to the call of the Leader by crushing the invasion of the enemy at each step, thus displaying its might to the whole world.

We are greatly moved by the brilliant exploits of the heroic Korean People's Army which captured the U.S. imperialist armed spy ship which intruded into the territorial waters of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and conducted hostile acts against it.

Filled with honor as overseas citizens of the DPRK, we look back with pride upon the victorious and glorious road traversed by the heroic KPA under the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung.

The Korean People's Army was founded on Feb. 8, 1948 directly by Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great leader of the 40 million Korean people.

Marshal Kim Il Sung put forth a line of creating the democratic base and the armed forces which ensure the independence of the country in the northern half of the Republic, under the conditions that the U.S. imperialists who had occupied South Korea immediately after the Liberation, pursued their colonial enslavement policy in league with the counter-revolutionary forces at home and made their undisguised preparations for the aggressive war.

The founding of the KPA is a brilliant materialization of the ideas of *Juche* and principle of self-defence Marshal Kim Il Sung has consistently held fast to and a shining victory the Korean people won as a great event of turning-point significance.

Marshal Kim Il Sung has put forth correct lines of military buildup in each period of the development of the Korean revolution and personally organized and guided all work for strengthening the People's Army and thereby reared it into steel-like revolutionary armed forces as we see today.

Though it was 20 years ago that the Korean People's Army was founded as a regular army, it is, in fact, an army of people with a long history of revolutionary struggle as the successor to the Korean people's revolutionary army which waged the bloody anti-Japanese armed struggle for 15 years under the leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung and is a revolutionary army which was organized with the revolutionary fighters tempered in the flames of the glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle as its backbone.

The Korean People's Army has inherited the brilliant revolutionary traditions established by the anti-Japanese guerillas organized and led by Marshal Kim Il Sung and carried forward their lofty revolutionary cause.

This is the source of the invincible might of the Korean People's Army and its great pride and honor.

The People's Army is an army of a new type fundamentally different from that of a capitalist country.

"The army of a capitalist country is organized to defend and maintain by force the system of oppression and exploitation of the working people—the absolute majority of the population—in the interests of the handful of capitalists and landlords and to attack other nations and invade the territories of other countries. ...In contrast, the army we have founded today is a genuine people's army, organized with the sons and daughters of the Korean working people, including workers and peasants. It fights for the liberation and independence of the Korean people and for the happiness of the masses against the imperialist aggressive forces from abroad and the reactionary forces at home." (Kim Il Sung)

The Korean People's Army has set up immortal exploits in their sacred work of defending the fatherland in the past 20 years.

Upholding the call of the Leader to concentrate all the efforts on winning the war, the Korean People's Army and the Korean people successfully defeated the armed invasion by world's reactionaries led by U.S. imperialism, defended with credit the independence of the country and the revolutionary gains in the past Patriotic War of Liberation, and dealt a telling blow to the U.S. imperialists who boasted of being the "strongest" in the world, thereby paving the way for the beginning of the decline of U.S. imperialism.

The victory in the three-year Patriotic War of Liberation was due to the outstanding leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, genius military strategist and ever-victorious, iron-willed commander who led the 15-year-long anti-Japanese armed struggle to victory and it proved that the Korean people under the wise leadership of the Leader can defeat the enemy, however strong it may be.

Through the war, the Korean People's Army was tempered and grew in strength all the more as steel-strong revolutionary armed forces.

In the post-war period, the Korean People's Army was strengthened all the more politically and ideologically, militarily and technically, defending socialist construction and the creative labor of the people.

Marshal Kim Il Sung said as follows at the Conference of the Workers' Party of Korea:

"Having defined it as the basic contents of its military line to train our army into an army of cadres, modernize it, place the entire people under arms and turn the whole land into a fortress, our Party has exerted tireless efforts to put them into practice and already attained great successes in this respect."

Through the implementation of the military line of the Workers' Party of Korea, the Korean People's Army has grown into a modernized cadre army, each man being a match for one hundred enemies; the nation-wide defence system has been set up in the country and the whole country has been converted into an impregnable fortress.

All the successes attained in the buildup of national defence fully substantiate the correctness and great vitality of the self-defensive line put forth by Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved leader of the 40 million Korean people.

The U.S. imperialists and their lackeys are making desperate efforts to provoke a new war in Korea, in particular after the capture of the U.S. armed spy ship by the Korean People's Army Navy, resorting to all conceivable ways and means.

The U.S. imperialists, however, must look straight at the reality. The heroic Korean People's Army and the entire Korean people under the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung are fully prepared to cope with any provocation and invasion by the U.S. imperialists and will deal an annihilating blow at the enemies if they dare make an attack.

Ever-victorious are the revolutionary ideas, the ideas of *Juche* of Marshal Kim Il Sung.

Upholding the 10-point Political Programme announced by Premier Kim Il Sung, Korean citizens in Japan will devote all their wisdom and forces to the promotion of independent unification of the country in our generation by arming themselves with the unitary ideas of Marshal Kim Il Sung.

Victory and glory are in store for the Korean people who are led by Marshal Kim Il Sung, peerless patriot, national hero, ever-victorious, iron-willed commander, genius military strategist and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist movement and working-class movement.

Premier Kim Il Sung Sends Gifts

To Servicemen of KPA, Disabled Soldiers, Families of Heroes

On the occasion of the 20th anniversary of the founding of the glorious Korean People's Army, Premier Kim Il Sung, the great leader of the 40 million Korean people, commended People's Armymen who have set an example in implementing the military line of the Workers' Party of Korea, servicemen of the Korean Garrison who have displayed all their wisdom and creative activeness in the struggle for strengthening the combat preparations and combat capacity of the units and exemplarily carried out their duties, upholding the military policy of the Party, and public security men who have displayed patriotic enthusiasm in the struggle for safeguarding the socialist gains and protecting the lives and property of the people and exemplarily carried out the revolutionary tasks assigned to them, the KCNA reported on Feb. 2.

Meanwhile, Premier Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved leader, sent on Feb. 2 gifts to the servicemen of the Korean People's Army and the Korean Garrison and the public security men who upholding the military line of the Workers' Party of Korea, are displaying all their wisdom and creative activeness in the struggle for strengthening the combat preparations and combat capacity of the units and firmly defending the Party, fatherland and socialist gains.

On the same day, Premier Kim Il Sung sent gifts to the disabled soldiers who defended the fatherland with their blood in the past Patriotic War of Liberation and are now keeping the flower in bloom continuously in socialist construction.

Premier Kim Il Sung also sent gifts to the families of Heroes of the Republic who laid down their lives in the heroic fight against the enemy for the Party and the Leader and for the fatherland and the people in the period of the Patriotic War of Liberation.

The servicemen of the People's Army and the garrison, public security men, the disabled soldiers, and the families of the fallen Heroes of the Republic who were given the honour and pride of receiving citations and gifts from Premier Kim Il Sung are firmly determined to repay the great solicitude and trust of the Leader.

Document on Anti-Japanese Armed Struggle Led by Marshal Kim Il Sung Adopted as Document Of World Cultural Congress

The document on the "Anti-Japanese Armed Struggle of the Korean People Organized and Waged Under the Direct Leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung" was adopted as a document of the World Cultural Congress which opened on Jan. 4 and closed on Jan. 12 after finishing with success discussions of all items on the agenda, a KCNA special correspondent reported from Havana.

The attendants of the Congress expressed boundless reverence and deep respect for Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved leader of the 40 million Korean people, who organized and guided the 15-year-long glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle in the thick forests of Paikdoo in the grimmest days of the colonial rule of Japanese imperialism solely for the freedom of the fatherland and the liberation of the people and for the victory of socialism and communism, defeated the enemy, the Japanese imperialists, and restored the fatherland, and following the Liberation has converted our country into a powerful socialist industrial-agricultural state with the solid foundations of independent national economy, created an example in socialist construction and is making a great contribution to the development and strengthening of the international communist movement and anti-imperialist, anti-U.S., national liberation struggle, holding aloft the banner of Marxism-Leninism.

Diplomatic Ties Set Up Between DPRK, Iraq

An official report was made public on establishing diplomatic relations at ambassadorial level between the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Republic of Iraq, according to a report from Bagdad.

According to the report, an agreement on establishing diplomatic relations between the DPRK and the Republic of Iraq and exchanging diplomatic representatives at ambassadorial level at the shortest possible date was reached at the talks held in Bagdad between the delegations of the DPRK and Iraq.

(Continued from page 1)

consolidated still more, politically, economically and militarily.

The South Korean people inspired by the successes of socialist construction in the northern half of the Republic, are fighting staunchly against the colonial enslavement policy and military aggressive policy of the U.S. imperialists, holding aloft the banner of resistance against U.S. imperialism and for national salvation.

Of late, in particular, the armed guerrilla struggle of the South Korean revolutionaries and patriotic people against the U.S. imperialists and their stooges is growing rapidly in scope and strength in all parts of South Korea.

Extremely discomfited by the daily growing revolutionary struggle of the South Korean people, the U.S. imperialists and their stooges are committing more undisguised aggressive machinations than ever before against the northern half of the Republic, while ruthlessly suppressing the patriotic struggle of the South Korean people with bayonets, to save their destiny facing doom. Lately the U.S. imperialists are further intensifying reckless provocative manoeuvres along the Military Demarcation Line and eastern and western coasts and have been raising a more frantic war clamour since our seizure of the armed spy ship which was conducting espionage activities and grave aggressive acts after intruding deep into the coastal waters of our side. The obtaining tense situation makes it incumbent upon the armymen and the entire people to enhance further the revolutionary vigilance and militant strain and maintained the full preparedness for smashing resolutely any wicked provocative plot of the enemy.

The People's Army and the entire people, united close around the Party, should consolidate the defences of the country as firm as an iron-wall by implementing more thoroughly the line set by our Party on training the whole army into a cadre army, modernizing the whole army, placing the entire people under arms and converting the whole country into a fortress and, if the enemy dare pounce upon us, should counter and fight him valiantly and annihilate the aggressors.

Our People's Army, the direct successor to the anti-Japanese armed struggle, which is organized with fine sons and daughters of workers and peasants and other working people is the revolutionary armed forces of the Workers' Party of Korea, whose basic mission it is to serve the Party and the revolution and defend the socialist fatherland and the people.

All the men, non-commissioned officers and officers of the unit should become revolutionary fighters who defend with their lives the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, and our socialist fatherland and remain boundlessly loyal to the Party and the people, without the slightest vacillation in any adversity, bearing deep in mind the lofty revolutionary mission of the People's Army.

By thoroughly arming themselves with the unitary ideology of the Party, all the armymen should think and act in accordance with the will of the Party at any time and in any place, fight sternly against unsound ideological manifestations of all descriptions contrary to the unitary ideology of the Party, accept unconditionally the lines and policies of the Party and make them their flesh and blood and struggle resolutely to carry them through.

All the armymen should fight devotedly with single heart for the Party and the revolution like the anti-Japanese guerrillas, by strengthening the study of the Party policies as well as the study of the revolutionary traditions.

All the armymen should fight resolutely against the all sorts of counter-revolutionary ideological trends and anti-Party and anti-class deviations such as Right and "Left" opportunism, flunkeyism, bourgeois ideology, feudalistic Confucian ideas, factionalism, parochialism and nepotism and arm themselves more firmly with the *Juche* ideas of our Party run through with the revolutionary spirit of independence in politics, self-sustenance in economy and self-defence in national defence.

By arming themselves firmly with high class consciousness and ideas of socialist patriotism, the entire officers and men of the People's Army should warmly love the Party, the fatherland and the people and fight relentlessly against imperialism and the system of landlords and capitalists, firmly defend the socialist system, the great gains of our revolution, and struggle with all devotion to drive the U.S. imperialist aggressors out of the territory of our fatherland and liberate the southern half and accomplish the revolutionary cause of the unification of the fatherland.

They should build up the unit as a communist red collective by displaying revolutionary comradeship to a greater degree and establishing the traits of unity between the officers and the men in the unit, the traits of the superior and the inferior helping and pulling each other along, and establish more thoroughly the military discipline and order, the life of the army. Comrades, you should further strengthen the kindred ties with the people by continuously giving play to the traditional traits of unity between the army and the people.

The implementation of the Party's line of training the People's Army into a cadre army and modernizing it, is an important guarantee for strengthening our army into invincible armed forces. Comrades, you should temper yourselves, politically and ideologically, militarily and technically, through more energetic combat and political training and prepare yourselves so all the armymen may undertake the duty of commander more than one rank higher, thus further increasing the combat capacity of the People's Army, holding aloft the self-defensive military line indicated in the resolution of the Conference of the Party and the 10-point Political Program of the Government of the Republic. In conformity with the requirements of the modern warfare, the commanders should possess high commanding art and organizing ability and the entire armymen should arm themselves firmly with modern military sciences and military technique, become proficient in the use of weapons and possess shooting skill never missing the target and high combat capability sufficient to wipe out the enemy at one stroke.

Under the condition in which the fatherland is divided into the North and South and we are fighting face to face with the enemy, the armymen should never become a captive of pacific mood, but should make full combat preparations for routing any surprise attack of the enemy and maintaining a strained and mobilized posture, always keeping a high revolutionary vigilance.

All the armymen should build a stronger defence fortifications and consolidate the defence line of the fatherland as an impregnable fortress, upholding the Party's line of converting the whole country into a fortress.

Comrades, you should spare and take good care of the weapons and combat technical equipment and make a better house-keeping of the unit by giving full play to the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance.

For successfully carrying out all this work, you should establish more thoroughly among the armymen the communist traits of "one for all and all for one" and make continued innovation and uninterrupted advance in the fulfilment of the military tasks by strengthening the Party's political work within the unit and waging more energetically the Red Flag Company Movement.

Comrade soldiers, non-commissioned officers and officers of the 661 Army Unit of the Korean People's Army!

I firmly believe that you, comrades, will register new, brilliant successes in the struggle for pushing through the self-defensive military line of our Party indicated in the resolution of the Conference of the Party and the 10-point Political Program of the Government of the Republic, thoroughly arming yourselves with the unitary ideology of our Party and rallying ever closer around the Central Committee of the Party.

Impregnable Is Defence Line of

The mighty Korean People's Army which was founded by Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great leader and which is direct successor to the anti-Japanese armed struggle organized and led by him

Tanks and infantrymen of the heroic Korean People's Army assaulting the "enemy" position

Navymen of the heroic Korean People's Army watching with vigilance the new war provocative scheme of the U.S. imperialists

Glorious Road Traversed

The Korean People's Army was founded by Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great leader of the 40 million Korean people and ever-victorious iron-willed commander, on Feb. 8, 1948.

The founding of the Korean People's Army marked a great event in the development of the revolution in our country.

With the founding of the Korean People's Army, our people became the people of a proud, sovereign and independent state with its own regular army strong enough to defend the freedom and independence of the fatherland and all our revolutionary gains and the happiness and creative labour of our people from the aggression of the imperialists.

The direct successor to the glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle, the Korean People's Army was organized with fine sons and daughters of workers and peasants, having as its backbone the revolutionary fighters steeled in the flames of the anti-Japanese armed struggle organized and guided by Marshal Kim Il Sung in the 1930's; it has inherited the brilliant revolutionary traditions established by the anti-Japanese guerrillas—infinite fidelity to the revolution and the Leader, indomitable revolutionary spirit of fighting the imperialist aggressors even if one dies a hundred deaths, ardent socialist patriotism, unity of the superiors and inferiors, unity of the army and the people, the revolutionary method of work and popular style of work—and has carried forward the lofty revolutionary cause of the anti-Japanese guerrillas.

This is the source of the invincible might and greatest pride of our People's Army.

The People's Army is an army of new type fundamentally different from that of a capitalist country.

This is why the officers and men of the heroic People's Army regard it as their lofty mission to crush the enemies to the last man for defending our socialist fatherland and lives and properties of the people from the aggression of imperialism, dedicating their youth and lives without hesitation.

The course traversed by the Korean People's Army in the past 20 years is resplendent with the immortal exploits made in the sacred work of defending the fatherland under the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great leader of the 40 million Korean people.

The People's Army reliably defended the revolutionary base of the northern half of the Republic and the creative labour of the Korean people for building a new country in the period of the peaceful construction and made the immortal exploits in the three-year Patriotic War of Liberation by displaying to the full boundless loyalty to the Party and the Leader and matchless heroism.

The past war imposed by the U.S. imperialist aggressors and their stooges was the most severe trial for the destiny of our people.

The young People's Army of two years fought the U.S. imperialist aggressor army boasting of being the "strongest" in the world and mercenaries of its 15 satellite countries and puppet troops. The officers and men of the People's Army boundlessly loyal to the Leader heroically fought together with the entire people and won victory, upholding the pre-eminent strategic and tactical line of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the ever-victorious iron-willed commander and Supreme Commander.

The officers and men of the Korean People's Army and the entire Korean people, rallied rock-firm around the great leader and convinced of the justness of their revolutionary cause, defeated and brought to their knees the U.S. imperialist ogres who hurled more than two million troops equipped with modern weapons, perpetrated the "scorched-earth operations" of burning and destroying all towns and villages in the northern half of the Republic and employed even chemical and bacteriological weapons on a large scale, defended with honour the freedom and independence of the fatherland and showed that no aggressive army can conquer a revolutionary army and people who have risen for the freedom of the fatherland and the liberation of the people.

The Korean People's Army has grown into a powerful army which produced over 480 Heroes of the Republic including Li Soo Bok who laid down his life at the age of 19 for the respected and beloved leader, for the fatherland and the people and hundreds of thousands of recipients of State Decorations and with five Combined Guard Units and eight Guard Units, a heroic army which smashed the "myth about mightiness" of U.S. imperialism and an invincible revolutionary army capable of firmly defending the revolution in any storm and stress. The officers and men of our heroic People's Army marked the beginning of a downhill turn for U.S. imperialism by inflicting an ignominious defeat upon the U.S. imperialist aggressor army for the first time in its history.

Defeated U.S. General

DPRK Led by Premier Kim Il Sung

by Korean People's Army

Clark who signed the truce had this to say: "I capped my career, but it was a cap without a feather in it. In carrying out the instructions of my Government I gained the unenviable deduction of being the first U.S. army commander in history to sign a truce without victory."

After the war the U.S. imperialists, far from drawing a lesson from the Korean War, have been running wild not only in Korea but in all other parts of the world. The U.S. imperialists are leaving no stones unturned to escalate their war of aggression in Vietnam and are frenziedly trying to put into practice their basic strategy for Asian aggression

The U.S. imperialists are reinforcing armed forces in a big way in South Korea, bringing there quantities of tactical nuclear weapons, guided missiles and lethal weapons of latest type and kicking up war rackets every day. In 1967 alone, the enemies violated the Armistice Agreement against our side on the ground and sea and in the air on over 8,000 occasions. Up to now since the truce, cases of violation of the Armistice Agreement by the enemy side amount to over 53,600.

The People's Army has grown into a modernized cadre army, each man being a match for 100 enemies, by successfully carrying through the military line of the Korean Workers' Party of training the whole army into a cadre army and a modern army in face of the grave situation created at home and abroad after the war.

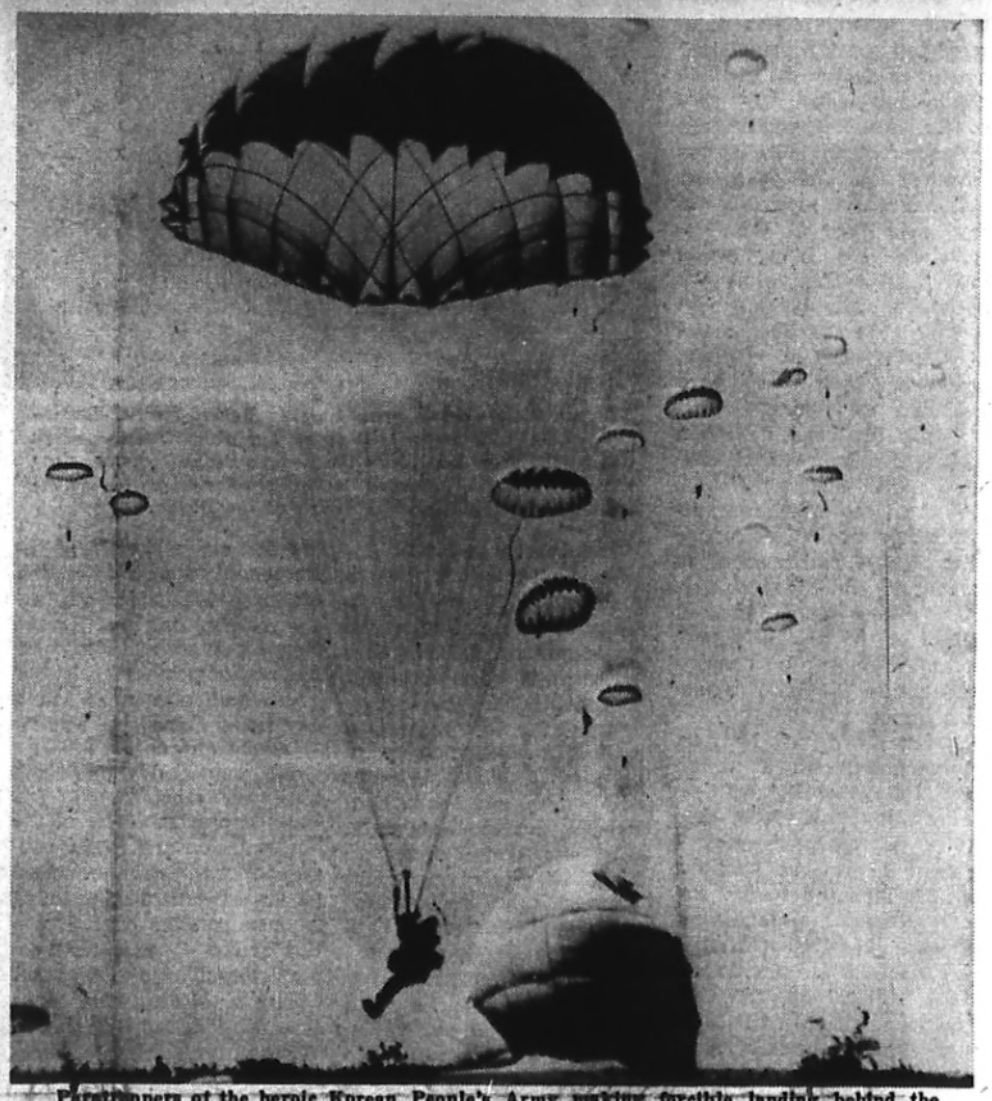
Especially, the political work has been deepened in the People's Army and the movement for winning the Title of Red Flag Company expanded and developed with the result that the officers and men of the People's Army have grown into revolutionary fighters, each being a match for 100 enemies and prepared politically and ideologically, militarily and technically, and the superiors and inferiors are united and comrades-in-arms united with each other and a steel-like military discipline has been established and everyone, from the rank and file up to the generals, can undertake and perform the duties of the next higher ranks in case of emergency.

The entire officers and men of the People's Army who have grown into invincible revolutionary armed forces, are firmly armed with the unitary Party ideas of knowing no other ideas but the revolutionary ideas of Marshal Kim Il Sung and are filled with the unshakable determination to remain loyal single-heartedly to the Party and the Leader like the anti-Japanese fighters and defend the socialist system at the cost of their lives.

The glorious path covered by the Korean People's Army is a course of the brilliant victory of the Workers' Party's line of self-defence proceeding from the revolutionary ideas of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the ideas of *Juche* and of his wise leadership.

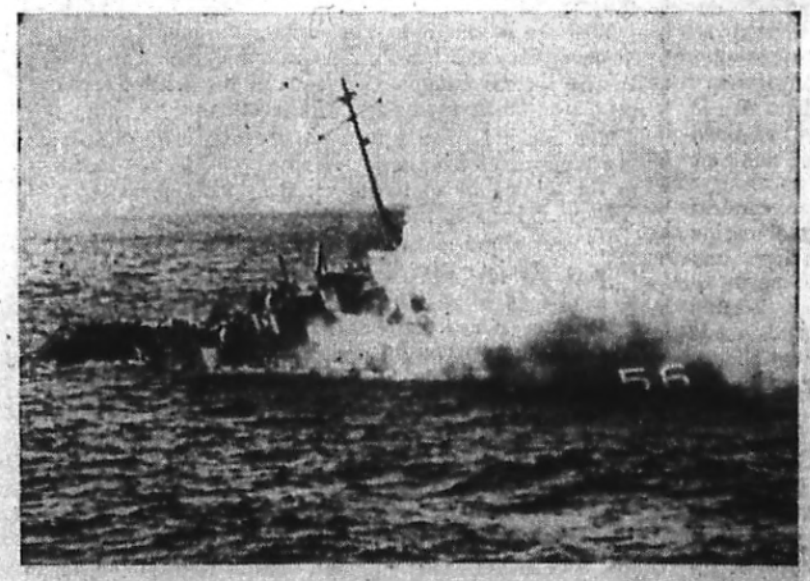
As a result of the implementation of the revolutionary military line of the Workers' Party of Korea on training the whole army into a modern army and a cadre army and placing the entire people under arms and turning the whole country into a fortress, a nation-wide defence system with the People's Army as its core has been firmly established and the whole land turned into an invulnerable fortress.

The Korean people will deal a 100-fold, a 1000-fold retaliatory blows and finally defeat the U.S. imperialist aggressors if they recklessly unleash a war in Korea, not drawing a proper lesson from their heavy defeat in the past war.



Parachutepers of the heroic Korean People's Army making forcible landing behind the "enemy" position

An air-borne unit of the heroic Korean People's Army on training mission



The U.S. imperialist escort boat No. 56 was sunk on Jan. 19 last year by the self-defence measure of the shore battery of the Korean People's Army when the enemy boat committed hostile acts in the DPRK territorial waters.

During the three-year Patriotic War of Liberation, 397,543 American imperialist aggressor troops were killed, wounded and captured by the Korean People's Army.

Research Officer of "PUEBLO"

Admits Criminal Spy Acts

PYONGYANG, Feb. 3 (KCNA)—Stephen Robert Harris, research officer (lieutenant of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army) of "Pueblo" the hateful armed spy ship of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army, which was captured on Jan. 23 by the self-defensive measures of the naval force of the Korean People's Army while conducting military espionage activities after illegally intruding deep into the coastal waters of our country, admitted their espionage activities as follows:

I am lieutenant Stephen Robert Harris, research officer on USS Pueblo.

I admit the crime committed by the armed espionage ship, Pueblo, and myself in conducting intelligence activities after having entered deep into the coastal waters of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. I apologize for our crime.

I was born at Melrose, Massachusetts, on 31 March 1938. I attended Harvard University in 1956—1960, and while at the university I learned my reserve commission through the Naval Reserve Officers Training Corps. Between June 1960 and April 1962 I served as communications officer aboard USS Grand Canyon, based at Newport, Rhode Island; from April 1962 to December 1963 I was communications officer aboard USS Forrest Sherman. From December 1963 to September 1964 I learned the Russian language at the Defence Language Institute, Washington, D.C. for the purpose of espionage activities.

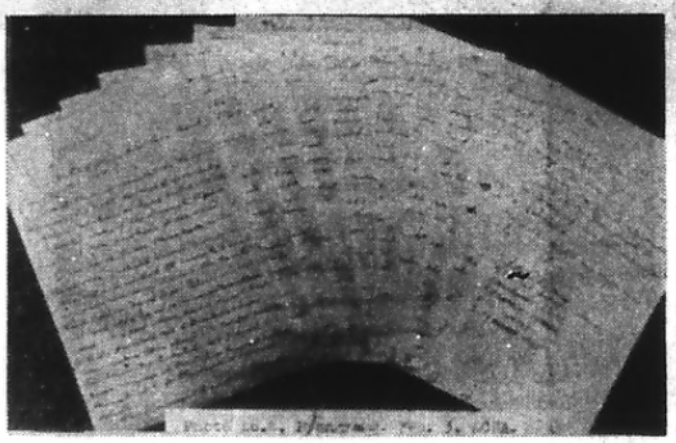
Then I was assigned to an office of the Chief of Naval Operations (assistant Director, Naval Security Group) of Fort Meade, Maryland, near Washington, D.C. There I received specific training in communications research and intelligence until February 1967.

It was in March 1967 that I was assigned to USS Pueblo as research officer.

My function as a research officer was to intercept with electro magnetic equipment radar signals and radio waves of any sources and report to the U.S. Pacific Command Electronic Intelligence Centre in Japan. Those received signals and waves were analysed and copied or recorded on the tape. The research officer also receives the instructions of Commander U.S. Naval Forces Japan or the U.S. Pacific Command Electronic Intelligence Centre and provides the report for the captain

USS Pueblo arrived in Yokosuka, Japan, in December 1967 when she received the specific espionage mission against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

In this connection I received instructions twice, on 24 Dec. last year and 3 Jan. this year, from the U.S. National Security Agency through the U.S. Pacific Electronic Intelligence Centre in Japan.



Shown is the confession by Stephen Robert Harris, lieutenant of the U.S. imperialist armed spy ship "Pueblo" which was captured on Jan. 23 by the Korean People's Army Navy while perpetrating espionage activities after illegally intruding deep into the territorial waters of the DPRK.

These instructions included the requirements for intelligence information on the Democratic People's Republic of Korea: locations of radar sites in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and in the Far Eastern area of the Soviet Union, various radio waves and their frequencies, locations of naval bases, number and maneuverability of naval vessels, air bases and types and maneuverability of the aircraft of the Korean People's Army.

The U.S. National Security Agency provided us with data gathered for our espionage activities: data on the Korean People's Army and the lists of frequencies and radars already known to us.

I picked up six of my men for three weeks of specific radar intercept training at the U.S. Pacific Command Electronic Intelligence Centre at Fuchu, Japan. I took the charge of a special detachment of 30 men and sent the other operators for training to the U.S. Navy Security Group, Kamiseya, about eight miles from Yokohama, Japan. Two operators were replaced by the two marines who had some knowledge of the Korean language.

It was on 5 Jan. 1968 while on her way from Yokosuka to Sasebo USS Pueblo received the specific operation order for spying on the Democratic People's Republic of Korea from Frank A. Johnson, Commander U.S. Naval Forces, Japan. The plan of action was also given to USS Pueblo. The plan specified transiting the Tsushima Strait and conducting espionage activities within 50 miles east from the coastal waters of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The area was divided into three operation areas.

The ship was prohibited from transmitting any radio or radar messages during the operation and supposed to report all the collected espionage materials back at home port so that it might not be located. On 10 Jan., 1968 the ship departed Sasebo and proceeded northward on the planned course to a point about 35 miles east of Wonsan on 12 Jan. Lying in that area for a couple of days, we listened with all our receivers for radar signals of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, looked for any naval vessels of the Korean People's Army and conducted oceanographic surveys. The search was made until any unfamiliar signal was intercepted and decoded.

We proceeded further north until we reached the Far Eastern coastal waters of the Soviet Union and again sailed southward, conducting espionage. We intruded especially deep into the coastal waters of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea off Chongjin. Orang *dan*, Musu *dan*, Songjin, Mayang *do* and Wonsan, for electronic detection.

It was on 15 Jan. that the ship arrived near the port of Chongjin where the captain ordered us to stop the ship in accordance with the prearranged plan. First of all, we searched and recorded ground radar networks while checking them up with known radar sites and marked each of them in the map. We also detected accommodation capacity of Chongjin Port and various types of ships including naval patrol craft of the Korean People's Army and incoming and outgoing movements.

There we also searched Morse signals and voice transmissions. On 18 Jan. when conducted the search off Orang *dan* and Musu *dan*. We intercepted a very powerful and interesting electronic wave and approached by night up to a point (41 degrees 25 minutes N, 130 degrees 03 minutes E) 11.2 miles off the coast to identify it.

I think it was about 20—23 Jan. that the ship remained near Mayang *do* and off Wonsan.

There we tried to confirm the location of the submarine base and the number and side number of submarines.

We also expected to find out missile ships and made effort to detect them. Thus, we approached up to a point (39 degrees 48.9 minutes N, 128 degrees 01.9 minutes E) 8.2 miles from the coast. We intercepted various sound waves which seemed to come from aircraft or ground forces. While in this area we continued to intercept radars of various sources.

(To be continued)

S. Korean People's Struggle —Explosion of Anti-U.S., Anti-Gov't Feelings

The U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi clique recently arrested and imprisoned 32 South Korean patriots including workers and peasants on charges of "spying for North Korea" and are going to punish them on utterly unfounded "charges."

This criminal act of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique is a repeated, grave challenge to the South Korean people and patriotic forces and one more intolerable fascist barbarity.

The "accused" South Korean patriots whom the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi gang are plotting to punish on faked up "charges," opposed the colonial terrorist rule of U.S. imperialism and its stooges and demanded their right to a decent life and democratic freedoms and aspired after the unification of Korea.

Their struggle is a just, patriotic struggle. It can never be a "crime."

Indeed, the U.S. imperialist aggressors and their stooges have not only converted South Korea into a living hell, a land of darkness, by imposing a colonial terrorist rule and military fascist dictatorship over the past 20 odd years, but also dragged into South Korea even the aggressive forces of Japanese militarism, the sworn enemy of the Korean people. As a result, South Korea is a dual colony of U.S. imperialism and Japanese militarism.

Furthermore, the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppets dragged more than 50,000 South Korean young men and middle-aged people into South Vietnam as cheap cannon fodder for the U.S. imperialist aggressive war, while making frantic efforts to launch another aggressive war in Korea and bringing untold misfortunes and tribulations to the South Korean people.

For this very reason, the South Korean patriots are now resolutely struggling against the aggressive policy of U.S. imperialism and the traitorous and treacherous acts of its stooges Pak Jung Hi clique, for the right to a decent life and democratic freedoms and for the unification of their divided fatherland.

Their struggle of various forms including armed guerrilla struggle, which is of late being intensified in various parts of South Korea, is an explosion of the South Korean people's long-smouldering discontents with and indignation at the aggressive policy of U.S. imperialism and the treachery of its stooges Pak Jung Hi gang and their catastrophic consequences.

It is a law-governed course of development of the revolutionary movement in South Korea, which no force can check.

Now frightened at the fact that their colonial terrorist rule and aggressive policy are confronted with serious crisis owing to the sharply mounting anti-U.S., national salvation struggle of the people, the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi clique are desperately trying to suppress the South Korean patriotic forces by cooking up numerous "North Korean spy cases," including the "Case of a Working Group for Communization of South Korea, raising a noisy "anti-communist" racket.

Their "anti-communist" frenzy is reaching the extremities when they are staging frantic "meetings for action" and "denunciation meetings" in all parts of South Korea, with a view to justifying their fascist crime.

With no bestial frenzy or "anti-communist" racket, however, can the U.S. imperialists and their stooges thwart the revolutionary advance of the South Korean people or break their surging aspiration.

The South Korean people see the only way of freeing themselves from today's poverty and non-rights in the unification of the fatherland, looking up as a beacon of hope to the northern half of the Republic daily prospering and developing under the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved leader of the 40 million Korean people.

No force can frustrate the ardent desire of the South Korean people to lead a happy, new life under the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung in a unified Korea.

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